# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE HARRISON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE HARRISON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2007

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Harrison County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities and each major fund.

#### **Financial Condition:**

The Fiscal Court had net assets of \$10,562,564 as of June 30, 2007. The Fiscal Court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,478,342 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2007. The Fiscal Court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2007 of \$5,104,566 with \$256,170 due within the next year.

#### **Deposits:**

The Fiscal Court and component unit's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Alexander Barnett, Harrison County Judge/Executive
Honorable Dean Peak, Former Harrison County Judge/Executive
Members of the Harrison County Fiscal Court

#### Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harrison County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Harrison County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Harrison County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harrison County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The County has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated May 22, 2008, on our consideration of Harrison County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

May 22, 2008

#### **HARRISON COUNTY OFFICIALS**

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Alexander Barnett County Judge/Executive

Stanley Lemons Magistrate

Stephen Moses Magistrate

Brad Marshall Magistrate

Jerry Dawson Magistrate

Jeff Brunker Magistrate

William Fritz Magistrate

Dwayne Florence Magistrate

Bradley Copes Magistrate

#### Other Elected Officials:

Charles W. Kuster, Jr. County Attorney

Willard L. Turner Jailer

Linda Furnish County Clerk

Wanda Marsh Circuit Court Clerk

Bruce Hampton Sheriff

Carla Harney Property Valuation Administrator

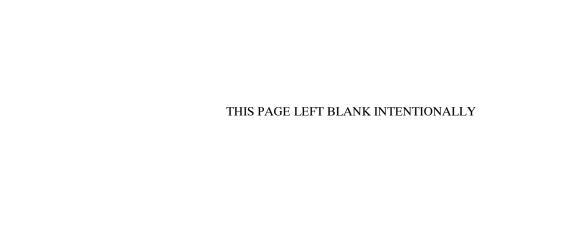
Tom Ware Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Candida Wilson County Treasurer

Melody Wright Occupational Tax Collector

Judy A. Smith Finance Officer



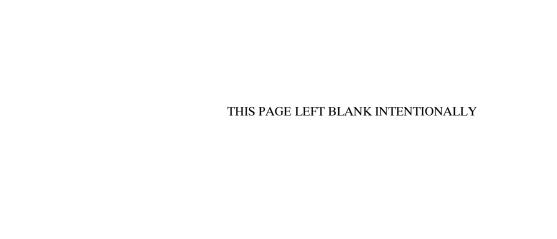
## HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

### HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2007

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	11ctivities
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,478,342
Note Receivable	12,508
Total Current Assets	1,490,850
Noncurrent Assets:	
Note Receivable	68,396
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	
Land and Land Improvements	488,500
Buildings	5,738,131
Land Improvements	71,867
Other Equipment	398,552
Vehicles and Equipment	776,962
Infrastructure Assets - Net	
of Depreciation	6,633,872
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,176,280
Total Assets	15,667,130
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Revenue Bonds Payable	240,000
Financing Obligations Payable	16,170
Total Current Liabilities	256,170
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Revenue Bonds Payable	4,780,000
Financing Obligations Payable	68,396
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,848,396
Total Liabilities	5,104,566
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets,	
Net of Related Debt	9,084,222
Unrestricted	1,478,342
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,562,564



### HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

			Program Revenues Received						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:			·			_			
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	2,106,033	\$	1,071	\$	239,047			
Protection to Persons and Property		1,282,863		6,666		312,001			
General Health and Sanitation		468,680		11,377		18,824		25,427	
Social Services		95,805							
Recreation and Culture		225,283							
Roads		772,997		29,633		960,462			
Airports		10,000							
Bus Service		17,712							
Transportation Facilities and Services		2,000							
Interest on Long-term Debt		218,368				483,981			
Capital Projects		400,216						336,000	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	5,599,957	\$	48,747	\$	2,014,315	\$	361,427	

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:
Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Occupational Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Enhanced 911 Fees
Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous Revenues
Total General Revenues
Change in Net Assets
Net Assets - Beginning

#### HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

## Primary Government Governmental

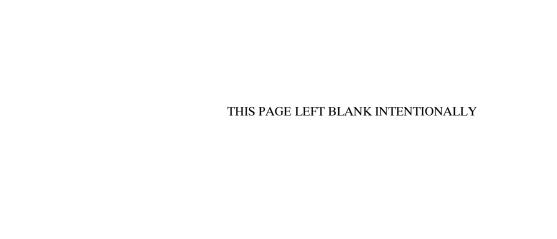
Activities

\$ (1,865,915)
(964,196)
(413,052)
(95,805)
(225,283)
217,098
(10,000)
(17,712)
(2.000)

(3,175,468)

265,613 (64,216)

642,045 49,917 152,514 2,718,103 213,139 74,672 361,152 50,272 108,045 4,369,859 1,194,391 9,368,173 \$ 10,562,564



### HARRISON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

## HARRISON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2007

		General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Gover Ecor Assis	ocal rnment nomic stance und
ASSETS			•••			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$	1,089,746	\$ 22,819	\$ 22,945	\$	16
Total Assets	\$	1,089,746	\$ 22,819	\$ 22,945	\$	16
FUND BALANCES Reserved for: Encumbrances Unreserved:	\$	90	\$ 2,303	\$	\$	
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund		1,089,656	20,516	22,945		16
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,089,746	\$ 22,819	\$ 22,945	\$	16

#### HARRISON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2007 (Continued)

(	ederal Grants Fund	·	E-911 Fund	Sh	ropshire Fund	Pr Cor	Public operties poration Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds	
\$	22,129	\$	71,516	\$	233,865	\$ 15,306		\$	1,478,342	
\$	22,129	\$	71,516	\$	233,865	\$	15,306	\$	1,478,342	
\$		\$	31	\$	80	\$		\$	2,504	
	22,129		71,485		233,785		15,306		1,089,656 370,876 15,306	
\$	22,129	\$	71,516	\$	233,865	\$	15,306	\$	1,478,342	

#### Reconciliation Of The Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances \$ 1,478,342

Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities in the Statement

of Net Assets Are Different Because:

Note Receivable - Amount Due from Sub-lessee, However Paid Directly to Lessor by Sub-lessee, Therefore Not Available as Funds to the County and Not an Asset in the 80,904

Governmental Funds.

Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources

and Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.

Accumulated Depreciation (10,412,356)

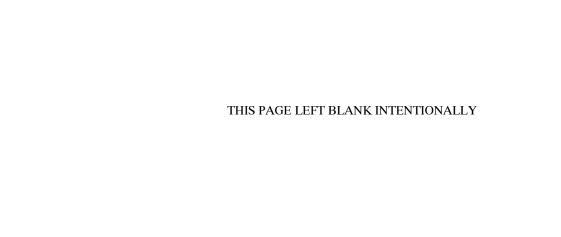
Long-term Debt Is Not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, Is Not Reported in the Funds.

Financing Obligations (84,566)Bonded Debt (5,020,000)

Net Assets Of Governmental Activities

\$ 10,562,564

24,520,240



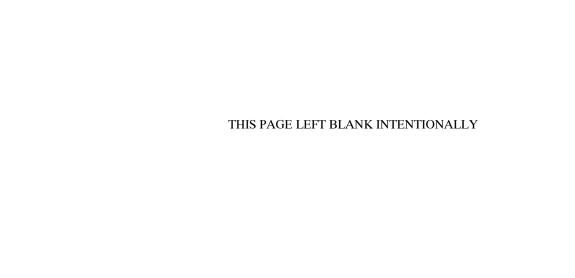
## HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	3,763,531	\$	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	3,752			
Excess Fees	74,672			
Licenses and Permits	13,259			
Intergovernmental	352,673	960,463	97,955	
Charges for Services			6,666	
Miscellaneous	81,459	34,419	35	
Interest	36,628	1,964		
Total Revenues	4,325,974	996,846	104,656	
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	1,182,813			
Protection to Persons and Property	303,141		436,312	
General Health and Sanitation	423,646		430,312	
Social Services	95,805			
Recreation and Culture	213,029			
Roads	783	1,649,891		
Airports	10,000	1,010,001		
Bus Service	17,712			
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	2,000			
Debt Service	12,143			
Capital Projects	64,216			
Administration	525,157	254,971	31,973	
Total Expenditures	2,850,445	1,904,862	468,285	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	1,475,529	(908,016)	(363,629)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers From Other Funds		830,000	366,000	
Transfers To Other Funds	(1,278,050)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,278,050)	830,000	366,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	197,479	(78,016)	2,371	
Fund Balances - Beginning	892,267	100,835	20,574	16
Fund Balances - Ending \$	1,089,746	\$ 22,819	\$ 22,945	\$ 16

# HARRISON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

Federal Grants Fund		E-911 Fund		Special Grant Fund		Si	nropshire Fund	Public Properties Corporation Fund	Go	Total Governmental Funds	
ф		ф	261 152	ф		ф		ф	ф	4.124.602	
\$		\$	361,152	\$		\$		\$	\$	4,124,683 3,752	
										74,672	
							2,905			16,164	
	25,427		93,344		336,000		2,000	471,838		2,339,700	
	20,.27		53,633		223,000		8,472	.,1,000		68,771	
			,				2,065			117,978	
			846				10,773	60		50,271	
	25,427		508,975		336,000		26,215	471,898		6,795,991	
	4,821									1,187,634	
	260		527,900							1,267,613	
	20,476						23,023			467,145	
										95,805	
										213,029	
										1,650,674	
										10,000	
										17,712	
								4=0.440		2,000	
					••••			470,338		482,481	
					336,000					400,216	
	25.557		527,000		226,000		22.022	470.220		812,101	
	25,557		527,900		336,000		23,023	470,338		6,606,410	
	(120)		(19.025)				3,192	1 560		100 501	
	(130)		(18,925)				3,192	1,560		189,581	
	4,800		77,250							1,278,050	
	1,000		77,250							(1,278,050)	
	4,800		77,250							(1,270,030)	
	4,670		58,325				3,192	1,560		189,581	
	17,459		13,191				230,673	13,746		1,288,761	
\$	22,129	\$	71,516	\$	0	\$	233,865	\$ 15,306	\$	1,478,342	



# HARRISON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### HARRISON COUNTY

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 189,581
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Contribution from the Community Action Council for On-behalf Payment Made to Reduce Debt Incurred by The County for The Community Service Building	
Renovation and also Reduces the Note Receivable Recorded in the Governmental Activities.	(12,143)
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the Cost of Those Assets is Allocated Over Their Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,565,621
Depreciation Expense	(811,781)
Book Value of Capital Assets Sold	(1,000)
The Issuance of Long-term Debt Provides Current Financial Resources to Governmental Funds While the Repayment of Principal on Long-term Debt Consumes the Current Financial Resources of Governmental Funds. These Transactions, However, Have No Effect on Net Assets.	
Financing Obligation Payments	34,113
Bond Payments	230,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,194,391

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## HARRISON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government wide and fund financial statements in accordance with the a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, among other items, are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Harrison County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the Fiscal Court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. The County has no discretely presented component units.

#### Blended Component Unit

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government, and the Fiscal Court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Harrison County Public Properties Corporation:

The Harrison County Public Properties Corporation cannot be sued in its own name without recourse to the Harrison County Fiscal Court, who appoints a voting majority consisting of the Fiscal Court members and the County Attorney. The Fiscal Court is able to impose its will on the Corporation. The Corporation is created solely for the benefit of the Fiscal Court per KRS 58.180 to act as the agency in the acquisition and financing of any public project. The Fiscal Court has access to the Corporation's resources, is legally obligated to finance the debts of or provide financial support to the Corporation. The Corporation is financially accountable to the Fiscal Court. This component unit is blended within the financial statements of the county.

#### C. Harrison County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Harrison County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the Fiscal Court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs. Harrison County has no business-type activities or fiduciary funds.

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### **D.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The Fiscal Court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements. Harrison County does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for revenues and expenditures under the Local Government Economic Assistance Program.

Federal Grants Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for federal grant funds received and expended.

E-911 Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for revenues and expenditures of the E-911.

Shropshire Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Shropshire Animal Shelter.

Public Properties Corporation Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the Public Properties Corporation, a blended component unit of the county. The Public Properties Corporation issued debt to build a justice center. The Public Properties Corporation entered into a contract, lease, and option with the County and Administrative Office of The Courts (AOC), Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

The primary government designated all its funds as major funds; therefore there are no non-major funds.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (Mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3<sup>rd</sup> Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

#### E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Capitalization Threshold		Useful Life (Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$ \$	5,000	10-75	
		*	3-25	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000		
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	5,000	10-50	

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

#### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent Fiscal Court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the Fiscal Court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the Fiscal Court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the Fiscal Court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

#### I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. Formal budgets are not adopted, nor are they required by the State Local Finance Officer for the Public Properties Corporation Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

#### J. Joint Ventures

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following are considered joint ventures of the Harrison County Fiscal Court: Cynthiana/Harrison County Public Properties Corporation, Cynthiana/Harrison County Industrial Authority, and Cynthiana/Berry/Harrison County E-911.

# Note 2. Deposits

The primary government and component unit maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2007, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity									
	Beginning		-	Ending						
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance						
Governmental Activities:				_						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 488,500	\$	\$	\$ 488,500						
Total Capital Assets Not Being										
Depreciated	488,500			488,500						
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:										
Buildings	6,311,625	30,000		6,341,625						
Land Improvements	81,053	,		81,053						
Other Equipment	781,706	25,888		807,594						
Vehicles and Equipment	1,426,702	230,805	(11,900)	1,645,607						
Infrastructure	13,876,933	1,278,928	,	15,155,861						
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated	22,478,019	1,565,621	(11,900)	24,031,740						
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Buildings	(510,438)	(93,056)		(603,494)						
Land Improvements	(4,593)	(4,593)		(9,186)						
Other Equipment	(370,031)	(39,011)		(409,042)						
Vehicles and Equipment	(760,669)	(118,876)	10,900	(868,645)						
Infrastructure	(7,965,744)	(556,245)		(8,521,989)						
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,611,475)	(811,781)	10,900	(10,412,356)						
Total Capital Assets, Being										
Depreciated, Net	12,866,544	753,840	(1,000)	13,619,384						
Governmental Activities Capital										
Assets, Net	\$13,355,044	\$ 753,840	\$ (1,000)	\$14,107,884						

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 106,298
Protection to Persons and Property	74,562
General Health and Sanitation	1,535
Recreation and Culture	12,254
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 617,132
	•

\$ 811,781

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities

# Note 4. Long-term Debt

# A. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2001

On February 7, 2001, the Harrison County Public Properties Corporation issued \$6,075,000 in First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, for the purpose of constructing a Justice Center. The bond issue covers a twenty-year period with an annual principal payment due each March 1, beginning March 1, 2003. Interest is payable semi-annually each September 1 and March 1, beginning September 1, 2001. The County subsequently entered into a sub-lease agreement with the Administrative Office of the Courts in order to provide funding to meet annual debt service requirements. The total principal balance outstanding was \$5,020,000 as of June 30, 2007.

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended	S	Scheduled	Scheduled						
June 30		Interest		Principal					
2008	\$	230,562	\$	240,000					
2009		220,362		250,000					
2010		209,737		260,000					
2011		198,687		275,000					
2012		186,726		285,000					
2013-2017		726,926		1,670,000					
2018-2022		300,907		2,040,000					
Totals	\$	2,073,907	\$	5,020,000					

# B. Financing Obligations, Capital Lease (Community Service Building Renovation), and Note Receivable

On December 17, 2002, the County entered into a ten-year lease agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust, in the amount of \$127,396, for the renovation of the Community Service Building. The lease agreement calls for yearly principal payments due in January of each year starting in January 2004 and monthly interest payments starting in February 2003. The County subsequently entered into a sub-lease agreement with the Community Action Council for Lexington-Fayette, Harrison, and Nicholas Counties, Inc., which pays the lease payments directly to Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust. The total lease principal balance outstanding was \$80,904 as of June 30, 2007. The total note receivable balance still due the county as of June 30, 2007, was also \$80,904.

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended	Sc	heduled	Sc	heduled					
June 30	I	nterest	P	rincipal					
2008	\$	3,319	\$	12,508					
2009		2,764		12,883					
2010		2,192		13,269					
2011		1,603		13,667					
2012		996		14,077					
2013		371		14,500					
Totals	\$	11,245	\$	80,904					

# Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

# C. Financing Obligations, Capital Lease-Purchase (Caterpillar 420D Backhoe Loader)

On September 14, 2004, the County entered into a three-year lease-purchase agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation, in the amount of \$65,910, for a Caterpillar 420D Backhoe Loader. The agreement calls for monthly principal payments of \$1,831 starting in September 2004 (The interest rate on the agreement is zero percent). The total principal balance outstanding was \$3,662 as of June 30, 2007.

	Governmenta				
	Ac	ctivities			
Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled				
June 30	Principal				
2008	\$	3,662			
Totals	\$	3,662			

# **D.** Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,250,000	\$	\$ 230,000	\$ 5,020,000	\$ 240,000
Financing Obligations	118,679		34,113	84,566	16,170
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 5,368,679	\$ 0	\$ 264,113	\$ 5,104,566	\$ 256,170

# **Note 5.** Related Party Transactions

#### A. Real Estate Purchase

In April 2003, Harrison County Fiscal Court and the City of Cynthiana entered into an agreement to purchase a tract of land (approximately 120 acres) from Handy Farm, Inc. of Cynthiana, Kentucky. The total consideration for the acreage was six hundred sixty thousand dollars (\$660,000) (See Note 6. D.). Charles Marshall, a magistrate of the Harrison County Fiscal Court, was part owner of the Handy Farm. On April 15, 2004, the Harrison County Ethics Committee investigated this purchase and found no ethical violations in the matter.

#### **B.** Legal Services

Robert Lake was a member of the Fiscal Court until December 31, 2006. On August 22, 2006, his wife received \$160 from the Fiscal Court as a designated court appointed attorney.

### Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

## A. Cynthiana/Harrison County Public Properties Corporation

In June 1995, the Harrison County Fiscal Court (County) and the City of Cynthiana (City) formed the Cynthiana/Harrison County Public Properties Corporation (Corporation) for the acquisition and financing of the Cynthiana/Harrison County Community Service Building project. Upon formation of the Corporation, individual and corporate donations were received and the City received a \$350,000 CDBG grant to construct the community service building. The donations and grant were expected to be approximately \$500,000 short of the anticipated construction costs. The Corporation executed a loan agreement with Farmers National Bank to draw up to \$499,000 in order to complete the project. The rent collected from several community service organizations is used to service the debt. The Corporation is managed by the City, and there has been no audit performed for the Corporation in the past six (6) years. Should the Corporation default on the loan at Farmers National Bank, the County could be responsible for one-half of the outstanding liabilities. As of June 30, 2007, the outstanding principal balance was \$413,168.

### B. Cynthiana/Harrison County Industrial Authority

In January 1999, Harrison County Fiscal Court (the County) adopted a resolution, which obligates the county (in conjunction with the City of Cynthiana's matching offer) to cover fifty percent of any expenses "not covered from net sales proceeds of land by the Cynthiana/Harrison County Industrial Authority" (the Authority). This obligation was made in support of the Authority's project to develop an industrial park in Harrison County. In this resolution, the County also committed "the sum of two hundred fifty thousand (\$250,000) dollars" in order for the Authority to receive an additional one and one-half million (\$1,500,000) dollar federal grant. The County's commitment represents one-half of the matching funds needed (in conjunction with the City's matching offer) for the Authority to receive the additional funding. The Authority obtained an \$800,000 loan for the purchase of the land for the project. As of June 30, 2007, the outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$614,651. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 the county paid the Authority \$100,050 for their share of the operating expenses of the Authority.

#### Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

# C. Cynthiana/Berry/Harrison County E-911

In April 1999, Harrison County Fiscal Court (the County) passed an ordinance for "the establishment of an Enhanced 911 Emergency Telephone Service within Cynthiana and Harrison County, Kentucky." An E-911 Advisory Board (the Board) was created with the City of Cynthiana (the City) and the County equally represented on the Board. The City and County subsequently entered into an interlocal agreement which states, in part, "The cost of the E-911 program shall be funded from the receipts from a telephone service surcharge, which has been levied by the County to be collected by the appropriate telephone operating company on each eligible business and residential telephone line operating within Harrison County. The County may fix or change the rate of the telephone surcharge to be applied, but it shall be sufficient to meet the budgetary requirements for the operation of the E-911 program. If at any time moneys collected from the telephone surcharge are insufficient to meet the needs and obligations of the Board for the operation of the E-911 program, the remaining costs shall be apportioned evenly (50/50) between the City and the County and immediately forwarded to the Harrison County Treasurer for use by the Board in the operation of the Center." The assessment fee during the year of audit was \$4.00 per month for each telephone line within the City and County, and during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007; the County contributed \$77,250 toward the operating expenses of the E-911 program. The City contributed \$49,269 as of June 30, 2007 with an additional payment of \$27,250 being made on August 13, 2007 for the fiscal year end June 30, 2007.

### D. Cynthiana/Harrison County Real Estate Purchase

In April 2003, Harrison County Fiscal Court (the County) and the City of Cynthiana (the City) entered into an agreement to purchase a tract of land (approximately 120 acres) from Handy Farm, Inc. of Cynthiana, Kentucky. The total consideration for the acreage was six hundred sixty thousand dollars (\$660,000). Based on the agreement between the City and County each party is responsible for half the purchase price. The County paid twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for the option to purchase the land, and an additional two hundred thirty-five thousand dollars (\$235,000) the day of closing. The terms of the purchase agreement call for an additional "four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) without interest thereon until the date of maturity, payable as hereinafter set out: This note to be paid in equal yearly installments of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) each commencing one (1) year from the date hereof on the anniversary date hereof and continuing on the same date each year thereafter until paid in full." In April 2004 and 2005, the City made the scheduled payments of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). During the year of audit, the County made a payment of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and the City paid fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), leaving no balance due at June 30, 2007. The purpose of this real estate purchase was to establish a public park for the citizens of Harrison County and Cynthiana.

# Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The Fiscal Court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 13.19 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 28.21 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

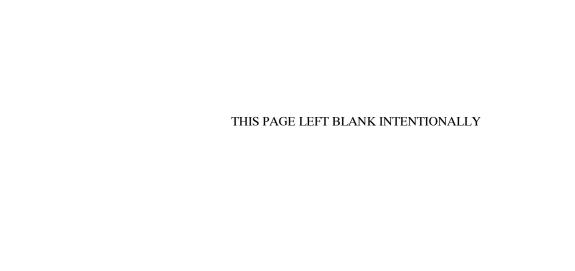
Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

#### Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, Harrison County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

#### Note 9. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (year of GASB 34 implementation) is an estimate. For those assets, the primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major construction or reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. This estimate was used to calculate the infrastructure historical cost by determining current year construction cost and deflating it back to the estimated year of construction or reconstruction. Estimated infrastructure historical cost includes infrastructure placed in service from fiscal year 1984 through fiscal year June 30, 2003. All infrastructure assets placed in service during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, and thereafter are recorded at actual historical cost.



# HARRISON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

# HARRISON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

GEN	NEKAL	FUND	

						* 7	• • • •
				Actual Amounts,		iance with al Budget	
	Budgeted	A m	ounts		Budgetary		Positive
	 Original	2 1 111	Final	(-	Basis)		Negative)
REVENUES							<u> </u>
Taxes	\$ 3,257,000	\$	3,257,000	\$	3,763,531	\$	506,531
In Lieu Tax Payments	4,100		4,100		3,752		(348)
Excess Fees	32,601		32,601		74,672		42,071
Licenses and Permits	2,000		13,000		13,259		259
Intergovernmental Revenue	840,510		840,510		340,530		(499,980)
Miscellaneous	56,000		56,000		81,459		25,459
Interest	16,800		16,800		36,628		19,828
Total Revenues	4,209,011		4,220,011		4,313,831		93,820
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	1,229,081		1,311,906		1,182,813		129,093
Protection to Persons and Property	343,324		343,324		303,141		40,183
General Health and Sanitation	605,302		645,052		423,646		221,406
Social Services	143,799		154,299		95,805		58,494
Recreation and Culture	592,630		527,630		213,029		314,601
Roads			800		783		17
Airports	10,000		10,000		10,000		
Bus Services	20,500		20,500		17,712		2,788
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	102,000		102,000		2,000		100,000
Capital Projects	100,000		115,000		64,216		50,784
Administration	651,174		578,299		525,157		53,142
Total Expenditures	 3,797,810		3,808,810		2,838,302		970,508
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures Before Other	444 204		444 204		1 175 500		1.064.220
Financing Sources (Uses)	 411,201		411,201		1,475,529		1,064,328
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers Out	(1,460,090)		(1,460,090)		(1,278,050)		182,040
	 (1,460,090)		(1,460,090)		(1,278,050)		182,040
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,400,090)		(1,400,090)		(1,278,030)		162,040
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(1,048,889)		(1,048,889)		197,479		1,246,368
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,048,889		1,048,889		892,267		(156,622)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	1,089,746	\$	1,089,746

	ROAD FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual amounts, Budgetary	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Basis)			egative)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	990,284	\$	1,000,284	\$	960,463	\$	(39,821)	
Miscellaneous		21,000		21,000		34,419		13,419	
Interest		1,000		1,000		1,964		964	
Total Revenues		1,012,284		1,022,284		996,846		(25,438)	
EXPENDITURES									
Roads		1,542,188		1,702,188		1,649,891		52,297	
Capital Projects		115,000		15,000				15,000	
Administration		347,500		297,500		254,971		42,529	
Total Expenditures		2,004,688		2,014,688		1,904,862		109,826	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(992,404)		(992,404)		(908,016)		84,388	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		892,404		892,404		830,000		(62,404)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		892,404		892,404		830,000		(62,404)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(100,000)		(100,000)		(78,016)		21,984	
Fund Balance - Beginning		100,000		100,000		100,835		835	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	22,819	\$	22,819	

	JAIL FUND								
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final	A	Actual mounts, sudgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
REVENUES		Jiigiiiui		1 mui		<u> Dasisj</u>	(Negative)		
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	84,200	\$	84,200	\$	97,955	\$	13,755	
Charges for Services		7,500		7,500		6,666		(834)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		35		(965)	
Total Revenues		92,700		92,700		104,656		11,956	
EXPENDITURES									
Protection to Persons and Property		552,536		552,536		436,312		116,224	
Administration		40,600		40,600		31,973		8,627	
Total Expenditures		593,136		593,136		468,285		124,851	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(500,436)		(500,436)		(363,629)		136,807	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		480,436		480,436		366,000		(114,436)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		480,436		480,436		366,000		(114,436)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(20,000)		(20,000)		2,371		22,371	
Fund Balance - Beginning		20,000		20,000		20,574		574	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	22,945	\$	22,945	

Fund Balance - Ending

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND Actual Variance with Amounts, Final Budget Budgeted Amounts Positive (Budgetary Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenue 500 500 (500)500 500 Total Revenues (500)**EXPENDITURES** Capital Projects 516 516 516 Administration Total Expenditures 516 516 516 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (16)16 (16)Net Changes in Fund Balance (16)(16)16 Fund Balance - Beginning 16 16 16

0 \$

0 \$

16 \$

16

	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND							
		Budgeted Original	unts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Oliginal		1 III a I		Dasis)		(cgative)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	394,837	\$	499,837	\$	25,427	\$	(474,410)
Total Revenues		394,837		499,837		25,427		(474,410)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		109,410		109,410		4,821		104,589
Protection to Persons and Property		185,000		185,000		260		184,740
General Health and Sanitation		25,427		25,427		20,476		4,951
Recreation and Culture		75,000		180,000				180,000
Administration		25,000		25,000				25,000
Total Expenditures		419,837		524,837		25,557		499,280
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)		(25,000)		(130)		24,870
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out		10,000		10,000		4,800		(5,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,000		10,000		4,800		(5,200)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(15,000)		(15,000)		4,670		19,670
Fund Balance - Beginning		15,000		15,000		17,459		2,459
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	22,129	\$	22,129

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	EFITTOND							
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	361,152	\$	11,152
Intergovernmental Revenue		50,000		50,000		93,344		43,344
Charges for Services		78,250		78,250		53,633		(24,617)
Interest		500		500		846		346
Total Revenues		478,750		478,750		508,975		30,225
EXPENDITURES		<i>566</i> ,000		571 000		527,000		42 100
Protection to Persons and Property		566,000		571,000		527,900		43,100
Administration		5,000		571 000		527,000		42 100
Total Expenditures		571,000		571,000		527,900		43,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(92,250)		(92,250)		(18,925)		73,325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out		77,250		77,250		77,250		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		77,250		77,250		77,250		
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(15,000)		(15,000)		58,325		73,325
Fund Balance - Beginning		15,000		15,000		13,191		(1,809)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	71,516	\$	71,516

	SPECIAL GRANT FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Varianc Final B Posi (Nega	udget tive		
REVENUES		<u>Jigmui</u>		1 11141		<u> Duoioj</u>	(11084	
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	336,000	\$	336,000	\$	336,000	\$	
Total Revenues		336,000		336,000		336,000		
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Capital Projects		336,000		336,000		336,000		
Total Expenditures		336,000		336,000		336,000		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning								
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

	SHROPSHIRE FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						/		<u> </u>
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	2,905	\$	1,905
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,000		1,000		2,000		1,000
Charges for Services		12,000		12,000		8,472		(3,528)
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		2,065		1,065
Interest		4,500		4,500		10,773		6,273
Total Revenues		19,500		19,500		26,215		6,715
EXPENDITURES								
General Health and Sanitation		35,500		35,500		23,023		12,477
Total Expenditures		35,500		35,500		23,023		12,477
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(16,000)		(16,000)		3,192		19,192
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(16,000)		(16,000)		3,192		19,192
Fund Balance - Beginning		16,000		16,000		230,673		214,673
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	233,865	\$	233,865

# HARRISON COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# June 30, 2007

#### **Budgetary Information**

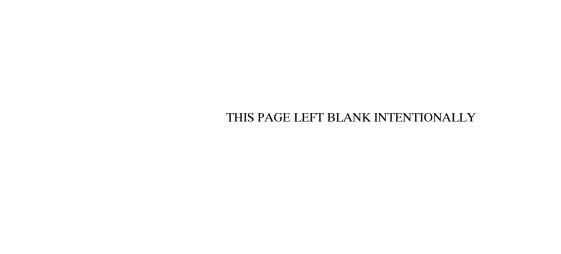
Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

# Reconciliation of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund To the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds

Total Revenues-Budgetary Basis	\$ 4,313,831
Plus: Contributions made by Community Action Council	 12,143
Total Revenues-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 4,325,974
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,838,302
Plus:Debt service payments on Community Service Building Renovation	 12,143
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 2,850,445



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



# CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Alexander Barnett, Harrison County Judge/Executive The Honorable Dean Peak, Former Harrison County Judge/Executive Members of the Harrison County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harrison County, Kentucky as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated May 22, 2008. Harrison County prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

105 SEA HERO ROAD, SUITE FRANKFORT, KY 40601-5404

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Harrison County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Harrison County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 22, 2008